to mee<. 50 per cent of cost per boat is given t_0 the fishermen as incentive.

(v) Introduction * of 202 improved beach landing craft. The fishermen are given subsidy limited to 50 per cent cost of the boat.

(vi) The Government are encourag-. ing the introduction of >a fleet of about 500 resource specific deep see fishing vessels by import, charter, joint venture and indigenous constcuction, x'ne incentives include soft loan facilities for acquisition of vessels; 33 per cent subsidy on the cost of indigenously constructed deep sea fishing vessels etc.

दिल्ली में उचित मूल्य की दुकानें

1259. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
श्री राम नरेश यादव :

क्या खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि आबादी में हो रही वृद्धि को देखते हुये दिल्ली में उचित मूल्य की दुकानों की संख्या पूर्णत: अपर्याप्त है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो आबादी को ध्यान में रखते हुये दिल्ली में ऐसी कितनी दुकानों की जरूरत है तथा वर्तमान में वस्तुत: ऐसी कितनी दुकानें चल रही हैं ; और

(ग) इन दुकानों की संख्या में वृद्धि न किये जाने के क्या कारण हैं ?

खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री डी.एल. बैठा) : (क) और (ख) संघ राज्य क्षेत्र दिल्ली में (31-7-1988 को) 3394 उचित दर की दुकानें काम कर रही हैं । जिसे अपर्याप्त नहीं समझा जाता है, तथापि, जब भी आवश्यकता होती है अतिरिक्त उचित दर की दुकानें खोली जाती हैं । प्रशासन ने 1987-88 के दौरान 176 तथा 1988-89 की पहली तिमाही के दौरान 80 नई उचित दर की दुकानें खोली हैं । चलती-फिरती दुकानों के जरिये भी आवश्यक वस्तुएं वितरित की जाती हैं ।

(ग) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

Ambitious rice production programme

1260. SHRI BASUDEB MOHAPATRA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have drawn up an -ambitious programme to raise Rice production by 1990;

(b; if sc, what are the details thereof;

(c) what are the strategies adopted in increasing production in irrigated and non-irrigated areas;

(d) whether Government have given any special allocation to the States identified for increase in rice production; and

(e) if so, the amount allocated to different states, s?ate-wise for this purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE rN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHYAM LAL YADAV): (a) and *ib)* To raise the rice production by 1989-90, the Government of India have formulated a "Special Foodgrains Production Programme—Rice" for implementation from 1988-89 in 106 districts spread over to 13 States. Besides this a "Special Rice Production Programme" is under implementation from 1985-86 in 430 selected blocks in Assam, Bihar, Eastern Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, Eastern Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. From this year, 1988-89, this programme has been extended to 9 blocks in Tripura also.

(c) The strategies adopted are to (i) increase the coverage under location specific High Yielding Varieties; and (ii) propagate the adoption of improved rice production technology with better and efficient use of resources, through better supply of inputs extension services and improvement of infrastructural facilities.

(d) and (e) The State-wiss allocations for implementation of "Special Rice Production Programme" and Special Food-grains Production Programme—Rice, during 1988-89 are given in the enclosed statement.

Statement

State-wise Financial Allocations for implementation of Special Rice Production Programme and Special Foodgrains Production Programme— Rice durine 1988-S9

(Rs. in lakhs)

State	•» Outlay under Special Rice Production Programme*	*	Outlay under Special Focdgrains Production Pro-grammed—Rice
Assam		185.00	73.67
Bihar		590.00	362.21
Madhya Pradesh		200.00	343.20
Uttar Pradesh		510.00	726.00
West Bengal		350.00	205.92
Orissa		315.00	151-39
Tripura		45.00	
Andhra Pradesh			306.80
Gujarat			153 25
Hary,			192.28
Karnataka			'306
Maharashtra			.76
Punjab			
Tamil Nadu .			306.80
TOTAL		2195 00	35 1239

*States provide matching contribution as the expenditure under the scheme is shared on 50 : 50 basis.

Allotment of rice to Nagaland

1261, SHRl S. C. J AMIR: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUP-_ PLIES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the- monthly allotment of rice to Nagaland State and whether the present qurta is adequate to meet the requirements of the State;

(b) whether it is a fact that essential commodities lite rice, wheat and cement are not reaching the people for whom they are meant for;

(c) if so, what measure CentralGovernment have suggested to the StateGovernment for proper utilisation of such commodities; and